



# Student diversity in CS1

ECSS, Paris, October 2009

Michela Pedroni

<u>Bertrand Meyer (ETH)</u>

Manuel Oriol (University of York, UK)

**Context** 

•

Introduction to Programming course at ETH Zurich

Since 2003



To "know your audience" is one of the fundamental rules of mass communication

In introductory programming courses: high diversity of prior knowledge

### Study setup



### Questionnaire on computing and programming knowledge

- > Computer literacy
- > Programming experience
- Programming languages

### Participants of ETH

Changes over years?

- > Beginning of Introduction to Programming 2003-2008
- > On paper (2003), later online
- > Answers from 753 of 1130 CS students

### Participants of University of York

- > 2008 only \_\_\_\_ Differences between institutions?
- > Online
- > Answers from 77 of 101 CS & Math students

### Computer usage

•

 $\leq$  1 year: 0%

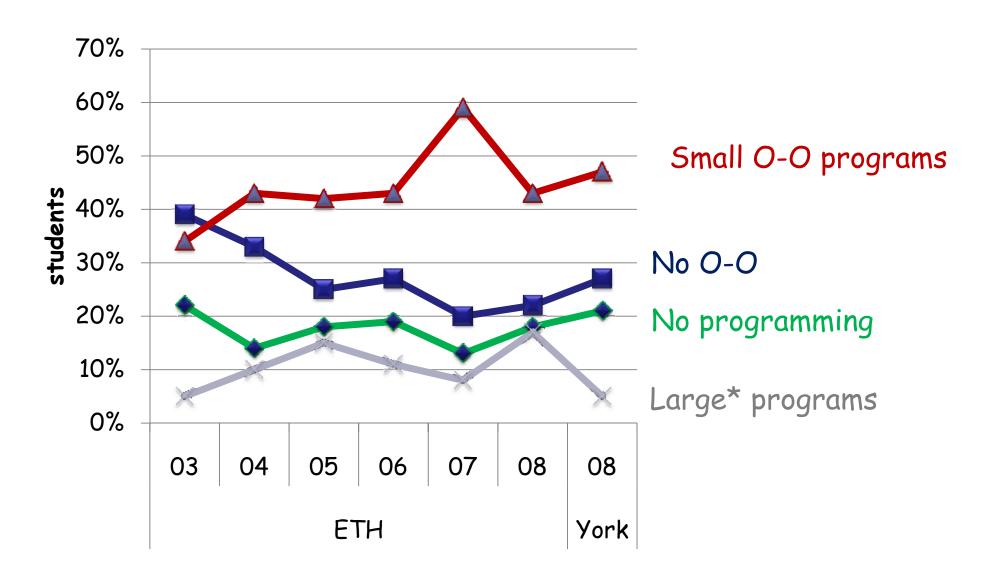
2 to 4 years: 3%

5 to 9 years: 42%

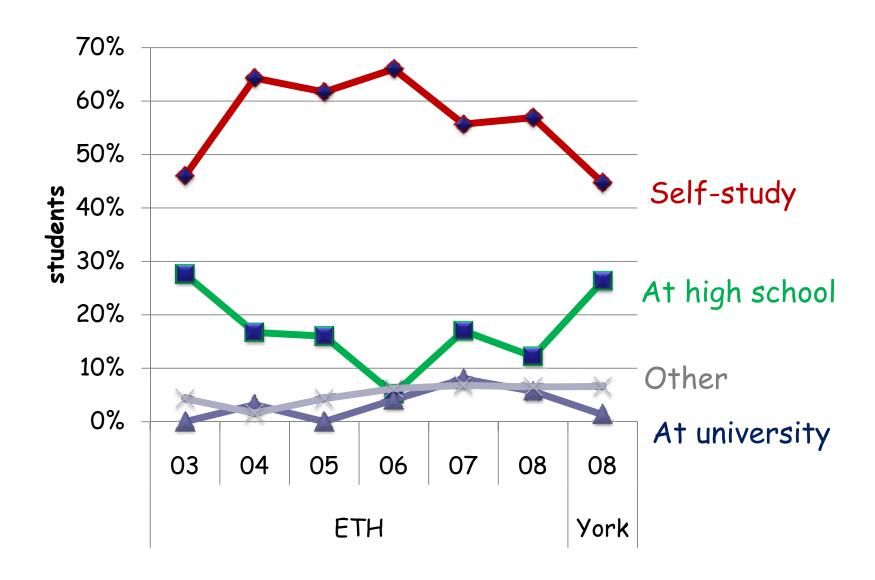
≥ 10 years: 59%

Averages over 5 years, 2003-2007 (yearly variations small)



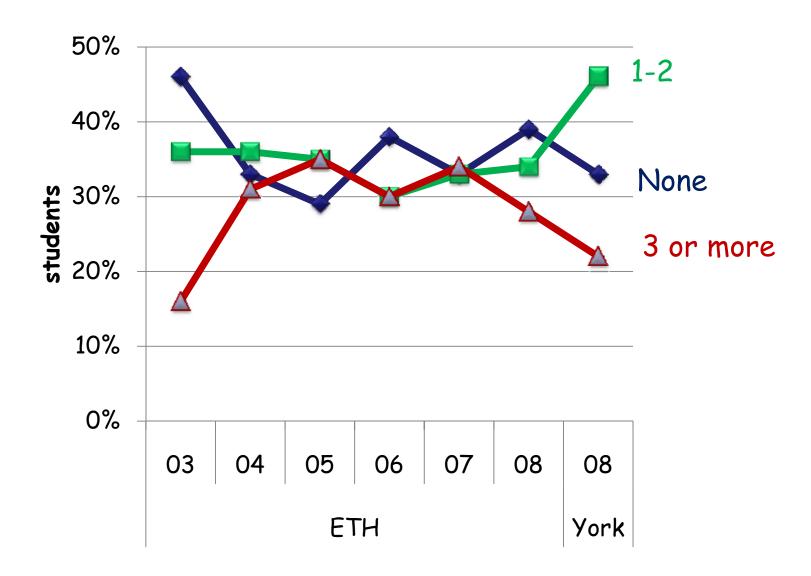


### Where learning occurs



### Number of languages known well or very well





#### •

## Languages known by most students

		1st place	2 <sup>nd</sup> place	3rd place
ЕТН	2003	Basic	Pascal	C++
	2004	Eiffel	C++	JavaScript
	2005	C++	Java	PHP
	2006	РНР	JavaScript	Java
	2007	РНР	Java	JavaScript/C++
	2008	PHP	C++	C
York	2008	VisualBasic	JavaScript	PHP



#### Changes over the years (ETH only)

- Many differences between 2003 and later years: In 2003, less exposure to computers, less programming experience, less languages known well/very well
- Only punctual differences involving other years: Laptop, specific programming languages (Basic and Eiffel)
   Situation is stable

#### York vs. ETH (2008 only)

- > Only punctual differences
  - BSD operating system, computer tasks
  - Different knowledge of Java and VisualBasic

Similar at both institutions

### Implications on teaching

Students are mostly computer literate, but very diverse

- > ~1/3 programming novices
- > ~1/3 know one or two languages well or very well
- > ~1/3 know more than two languages

Situation is stable and similar at two institutions Is this a global phenomenon? Need more data...

Develop measures to adapt to diverse student body

- Teaching methodology: software framework, programming language choice, relate to prior knowledge
- > Extra lessons for novices (e.g. C50)
- Making student groups
- > Individualized instruction

### A complementary experiment

**(**)

How are we doing?

Test in 2<sup>nd</sup> year, programming questions; first experience in February 2009

Language-independent, but uses programming language taught in introductory course

Analysis: 3 equal categories

Will do it again in February 2010



If you are willing to participate in the studies, please write to pedronim@inf.ethz.ch