



**Budapest University of Technology and Economics Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Informatics** 

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# Towards a Common Frame for European CS/Informatics Education

euroTICS 2006

#### Personal

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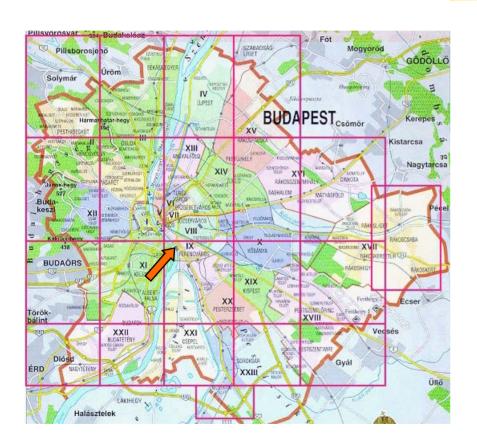
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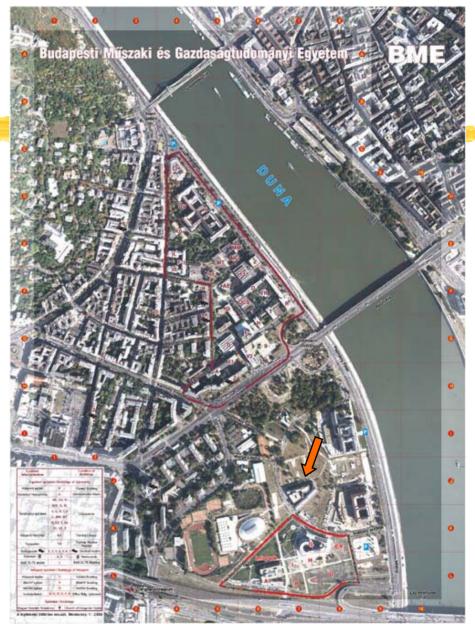






# BME (Budapest University of Technology and Informatics)





#### **BME** facts

- Founded in 1782
- 8 faculties (6 engineering)
- ~ 22 000 students
- ~ 1200 staff-members
- ~ 1500 supplementary employees
- ~ 100 M EUR annual budget (~ 60% from the state, 40% others)

# Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Informatics (VIK)

- Founded in 1949 as FEE (VK)
- Education in "Technical Informatics" started in 1986
- "Informatics" was added to the name in 1992 FEEI (VIK)
- ~ 5000 students (½ EE, ½ I)
- ~ 350 staff-members
- ~ 300 supplementary employees
- ~ 300 PhD students
- BSC system started in 2005



## **VIK - Departments**

- Automation and Applied Informatics
- Broadband Infocommunications and Electromagnetic Theory
- Computer Sciences and Information Theory
- Control Engineering and Information Technology
- Electron Devices
- Electronics Technology
- Measurement and Information Systems
- Power Engineering
- Telecommunications
- Telematics and Media-Informatics

# Innovation and Knowledge Centre of Information Technology (IT)<sup>2</sup>

- Founded in 2005 as a consortium and an organizational unit of the university
- 9 industrial partners (3 multinational, 6 Hungarian small-medium)
- 4 departments from BME (2 VIK, 2 others)
- Budget: ~1,3 M EUR/Year (~90% state, 10% partners)
- Self-sustainig after 3 years
- Research-programs & cross-cutting development-projects



Established by the support of the National Office for Research and Technology.



#### **Outline**

- Bologna-process
  - Hungarian version
  - What we need to implement it...
- Informatics what is it?
  - An attempt to define it...
- How to compare degree programs in Informatics?
  - Improved ACM-IEEE-CS CC

#### **Bologna in Hungary (Informatics)**

- Origin (informatics)
  - Science Universities mathematics
  - Technical Universities electrical engineering
- Before
  - Engineering:
    - 5-year university degree (~MSC)
    - 3-year polytechnic degree (~BSC)
    - Separate institutions, few student-mobility
  - Science (programming):
    - Universities: 3+2
    - Lower level: 3
- After
  - 3,5-year (7-semester) BSC (probably unique in the world)
  - technical informatics, computer programming, business informatics
  - 2-year MSC

#### **Bologna requirements - 1**

#### "easily readable and comparable degrees"

- What about the number of degrees in EU in informatics?
- How to compare them?

#### We need

- definition for the discipline of informatics
  - I'll try later
- an agreement on a (small) number of degrees
  - a list of **topics** for each degree
  - a list of outcomes for each degree
    - ACM CC seems to be a good basis, I'll propose some inprovements later
- (comparable marking)

#### Bologna requirements — 2-3

#### "two main cycles"

- Change from theory first, specialisation with more practice later to a reverse order education – with almost the same staff.
- "The degree awarded after the first cycle shall also be relevant to the European labour market as an appropriate level of qualification."
- There should be no difference between BSC degrees of universities and that of polytechnics

#### "system of credits"

- credit is a unit of ???
- it is the point where ACM as for me gave up
- European Credit System is a goal

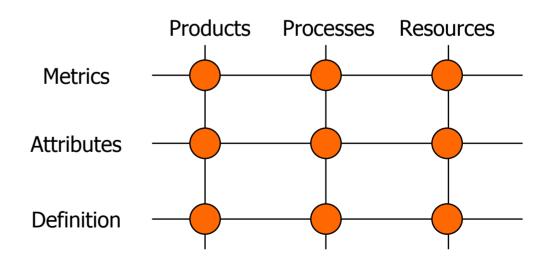
## **Bologna requirements - 4**

#### "quality assurance"

Should we use ISO or other process-oriented concepts?

Our proposal: thinking in the whole quality-frame

E.g.: Recommendation for the lower bound of necessary resources (staff, infrastructure etc.)....



#### Informatics — what is it?

- Do we have a definition for Informatics?
- We changed the term (buzzword?) in '80s from computer... to informatics
- From engineering view: *focus moved from computer to the domain*

**Informatics** is a field of professional knowledge and skills, subjects of which are:

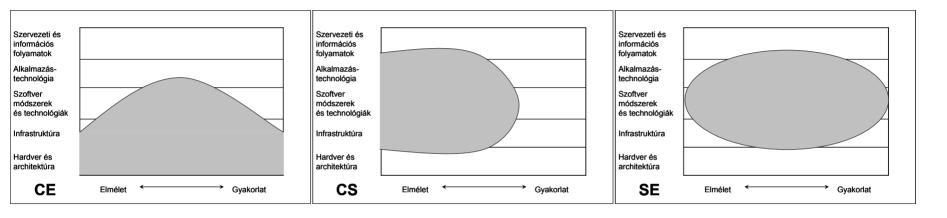
- **the information itself** (nature of it, metrics for it, representations, data-information-knowledge ...)
- **operations on the information** (processing, transferring, extracting, storing, ...)
- tools and systems for executing operations on the information (computers, computer systems, hardware, software, ...)
- **operations on such tools and systems** (design, implementation, maintenance, ...)

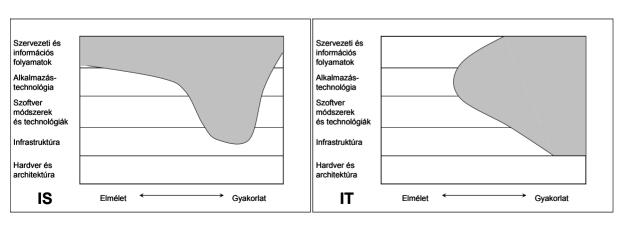
#### How to compare degree programs?

ACM - IEEE-CS - AIS CC 2005 is a good baseline Content of the Overview Report:

- Description of disciplines
- Graphical and tabular comparison
- Outcomes
- Programmes, career opportunities, organisational & curricular models, accreditation
- US, GB ...

# **Graphical comparison**





Qualitative, based on the consensus of the working-group

## **Tabular comparison**

 Weighting of 36 computing and 21 non-computing topics in different disciplines

Knowledge Area	CE		CS		IS		IT		SE	
Milowiedge Area		max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
Programming Fundamentals	4	4	4	5	2	4	2	4	5	5
Integrative Programming	0	2	1	3	2	4	3	5	1	3
Algorithms and Complexity	2	4	4	5	1	2	1	2	3	4
Computer Architecture and Organization	5	5	2	4	1	2	1	2	2	4
Operating Systems Principles & Design	2	4	3	5	1	1	1	2	3	4
Operating Systems Configuration & Use	2	3	2	4	2	3	3	5	2	4

- Does not represent the relative weight of topics to each other
- The body of knowledge is described in specific volumes

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#### **Experimental visualization**

- Curriculum-development at BME VIK
- How to compare our degree program (BSC in technical informatics) to others?
- Requirements:
  - Impressive visualization
  - Deliverable from curriculum-tabs

## Method of comparison

#### Defining the space of Informatics:

- Human
- Theory of computing (including special mathematics)
- Mathematics (except for computing-related, like Algorithms, etc.)
- Physics (including system theory and electronics)
- Hardware & Architecture (deep in HW and networking)
- Infrastructure (fundamental HW-SW components and systems)
- Software (including programming and SE)
- Information (eg. databases)
- Management (related to the information system)
- Organization & Business
- Classifying the topics assigned as body of knowledge into the categories above, and doing the same with BME-VIK program

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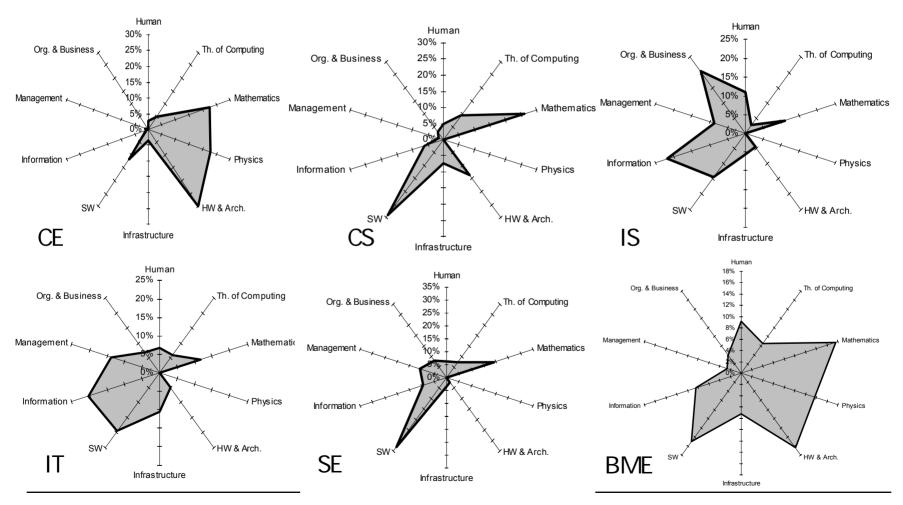
#### Tabular representation of the results

Area	С	E	CS		IS		IT		SE		BME-VIK	
Human	16	3%	16	5%	20	11%	23	7%	35	6%	14	9%
Th. of Computing	30	5%	31	9%	5	3%	20	6%	40	7%	10	6%
Mathematics	132	23%	86	26%	20	11%	40	12%	110	20%	27	18%
Physics	133	23%		0%		0%		0%		0%	21	14%
HW & Arch.	174	30%	45	14%	8	4%	17	5%	12	2%	25	16%
Infrastructure	21	4%	24	7%	10	5%	36	11%	20	4%	11	7%
SW	68	12%	96	29%	26	14%	66	19%	187	33%	23	15%
Information	5	1%	20	6%	40	22%	69	20%	53	9%	13	8%
Management	6	1%	5	2%	16	9%	47	14%	62	11%	4	3%
Org. & Business		0%	10	3%	37	20%	23	7%	45	8%	6	4%
	585	1	333	1	182	1	341	1	564	1	154	1

- Units are ~ hours/week projected to one semester
- Non-uniform measures only for relative weighting within a discipline
- Classifying is based on the consensus of some BME staff-members only

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# **Graphical representation**



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#### **Proposed improvements**

#### What euroTICS could add to CC 2005 methods

- Elaborate a widely consensual definition of the space of Informatics
- Elaborate metrics for the weight of topics CREDIT system???
- (Learning outcomes it was an other presentation)

# Thanks for your attention